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13	COUNTY	JF YAVAPAI
14	STATE OF ARIZONA,	CASE NO. V1300CR201080049
15	Plaintiff, vs.	Div. PTB
16 17 18 19	JAMES ARTHUR RAY,  Defendant.	DEFENDANT JAMES ARTHUR RAY'S MOTION FOR CLARIFICATION OR RECONSIDERATION OF RULING ON STATE'S MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER RE: STATE'S NOTES OF WITNESS INTERVIEWS
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DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR CLARIFICATION OR RECONSIDERATION

## **MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES**

## I. INTRODUCTION

Mr. Ray seeks clarification that, as Rule 15.1(e)(3) explicitly provides, the parties *are* required to disclose the statements of experts. This Court's December 1 Order appears to indicate a contrary position. The Court held:

"Rules 15.1(b)(1) and (b)(4) and Rules 15.2(c)(1) and (c)(2) do not require the State and the Defendant to provide disclosure of statements - in the form of attorney notes or otherwise - of expert witnesses retained by the parties. Rather, the parties are required to disclose "results" of examinations, tests, experiments or comparisons made by the expert. In some cases this information may be contained in attorney notes or other statements by the expert, and in those cases a party may choose to disclose the required information by providing notes and statements." Order at 3 (emphasis added).

With due respect, the defense believes this is an incorrect statement of the law. Arizona Rule of Criminal Procedure 15.1(e)(3), which the Court did not consider, expressly mandates disclosure of "[a]ny completed written reports, *statements* and examination notes made by experts listed in subsections (b)(1) and (b)(4) of this rule in connection with the particular case." Ariz. R. Crim. Proc. 15.1(e)(3) (emphasis added).

In addition, this Court stated that the "parties now agree, the language of the rules and the case law do not require the prosecutor - and for that matter, the defendant - to disclose all written or recorded statements of expert witnesses." Order at 2. The defense believes this to be an incorrect statement of the record. The defense agreed that "notes that contained the *initial* statements during consultation with an expert" were not discoverable, see Reporter's Transcript ("RT") from Nov. 16 hearing, attached as Exhibit A, at 5:16-17 (emphasis added), but both parties agreed that disclosure of statements by an expert witness named for trial is required. Id. 14:12–15 (Ms. Polk: "I think we're all in agreement. They do get statements made by this expert. I don't believe the state has any at this point. But if and when we get them, we will certainly disclose them."); id. at 13:22–24 (Ms. Polk: "When we have statements from Mr. Ross, we will certainly disclose them."). Finally, the Court's Order exceeds the scope of the parties' dispute.

The State moved for a protective order of the prosecutor's *notes* reflecting an expert's statements—not for immunity from disclosure of all expert statements in any form.

The parties have now essentially resolved the dispute underlying the Court's Order. By letter dated December 10, the State has informed the defense that its expert witnesses will prepare reports by the end of December, and that the State will promptly disclose those reports to the defense. Mr. Ray nevertheless submits this motion to clarify the scope of the Court's Order and ensure that it does not have unintended breadth. Clarification of the Order will avoid prejudice to the discovery rights of both parties.

## II. ARGUMENT

A. Arizona Rules of Criminal Procedure entitle a criminal defendant to discovery of an expert's statements.

Arizona's Rules of Criminal Procedure and case law mandate disclosure of an expert witness' statements. Rule 15.1(e)(3) provides that the "prosecutor *shall*, within thirty days of a written request," disclose "[a]ny completed written reports, *statements* and examination notes made by experts listed in subsections (b)(1) and (b)(4) of this rule in connection with the particular case." *Id.* 15.1(e)(3)(emphasis added).<sup>1</sup> In turn, Rule 15.1(b)(1), to which 15.1(e)(3) refers, requires the prosecutor to disclose "the names and addresses of *all persons* whom the prosecutor intends to call as witnesses in the case-in-chief together with their relevant or recorded *statements*." *Id.* 15.1 (b)(1) (emphasis added). A "statement" is "(i) [a] writing signed or otherwise adopted or approved by a person; (ii) [a] mechanical, electronic or other recording of a person's oral communications or a transcript thereof, and (iii) [a] writing containing a verbatim record or a summary of a person's oral communications." *Id.* 15.4(a)(1).

The Rules thus make explicit that disclosure of experts' statements is required. The case law confirms the same. In *State v. Roque*, 213 Ariz. 193 (2006), there was no question but that

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The thirty-day deadline applies "unless otherwise ordered by the Court." Rule 15.1(e)(3). See State ex rel. Thomas v. Newell, 221 Ariz. 112, 115 (App. 2009) ("[0]The court has discretion to vary from those deadlines, as evidenced by the language '[u]nless otherwise ordered by the court' that begins subsections (a), (c), and (e).").

the rules required disclosure of an expert's statements. Indeed, the version of Rule 15.1(b)(4) that was then in effect required disclosure of "the results of physical examinations and of scientific tests, experiments, or comparisons, including *all written reports or statements* made by them in connection with the particular case." 213 Ariz. 193, 206 (2006). In *State ex rel. Thomas v.*Newell, the court noted that under the version of 15.1(b)(4) now in effect, "the defense can make a written request for the State to make available 'completed written reports, statements and examination notes made by experts listed in subsections (b)(1) and (b)(4) of this rule.' Ariz. R.

Crim. P. 15.1(e)(3)." 221 Ariz. 112, 115 (App. 2009).

The defense has never taken the position that the State need not provide the statements of expert witnesses. See RT at 11:11–16 (Ms. Do: "So if Ms. Polk doesn't want to disclose her notes -- we're not requiring it to be given to us in that form. We're asking for disclosure of what his opinion, analysis and conclusion are with respect to the evidence he's reviewed in this case."); cf. Order at 2. Nor does the defense understand the State to be taking such a broad position. See RT at 14:12–15 (Ms. Polk: "I think we're all in agreement. They do get statements made by this expert. I don't believe the state has any at this point. But if and when we get them, we will certainly disclose them."). Instead, the dispute at issue, as reflected in the State's Motion for Protective Order, focused on disclosure of the prosecution's notes. The Court's own statements at the hearing, holding that the State must disclose to the defense the notes of the State's expert witnesses, suggest that the Court itself did not intend the broad limitation on expert discovery that the Order's wording suggests. See RT at 15:17–23 (The Court: "I agree you're going to get to look at the notes that go into that person's work on the case once that person is listed as a witness, an expert witness. So I didn't mean to not address that. I just thought the harder issue was the question of attorney notes.").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Order cites *Roque* for the proposition that "the language of the rules and the case law do not require the prosecutor—and for that matter, the defendant—to disclose all written or recorded statements of expert witnesses." Order at 2. But *Roque* draws a distinction between expert and non-expert witnesses only for the purpose of noting that discovery regarding expert witnesses is *broader*. Whereas the rules for discovery regarding non-expert witnesses do "not require the state to explain how it intends to use each of its witness," the rules for expert discovery require disclosure of the results of the expert's analysis. *Id.* at 207 (quoting *State v. Williams*, 183 Ariz. 368 (1995)).

1	If the Court's Order is left unclarified, the ruling could be used to frustrate the discovery
2	process by limiting both parties' access to the statements of expert witnesses, and by creating
3	perverse incentives for parties to withhold an expert's reactions and opinions on the theory that
4	there are no "results" to report.
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6	III. CONCLUSION
7	The Court's Order appears to unintentionally and severely narrow the parties' disclosure
8	obligations regarding expert witnesses. The defense respectfully requests that the Court clarify its
9	ruling or, in the alternative, reconsider.
10	
11	DATED: December 14, 2010 MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP
12	BRAD D. BRIAN
13	LUIS LI TRUC T. DO
14	MIRIAM L. SEIFTER
15	THOMAS K. KELLY
16	By: Kell
17	Attorneys for Defendant James Arthur Ray
18	
19	Copy of the foregoing delivered this 14 <sup>th</sup> day
20	of December, 2010, to:
21	Sheila Polk
22	Yavapai County Attorney 255 E. Gurley
23	Prescott, Arizona 86301
24	By M CO
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1	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA
2	FOR THE COUNTY OF YAVAPAI
3	
4	STATE OF ARIZONA,
5	) Plaintiff, )
6	vs. ) Case No. V1300CR20108-0049
7	JAMES ARTHUR RAY,
8	) Defendant. )
9	)
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13	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
14	BEFORE THE HONORABLE WARREN R. DARROW
15	ORAL ARGUMENT/EVIDENTIARY HEARING
16	RE PENDING MOTIONS, DAY THREE
17	NOVEMBER 16, 2010
18	Camp Verde, Arizona
19	(Partial transcript)
20	(Discussion on disclosure of expert witness notes)
21	
22	
23	
24	REPORTED BY MINA G. HUNT
25	AZ CR NO. 50619 CA CSR NO. 8335

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1	Proceedings had before the Honorable
2	WARREN R. DARROW, Judge, taken on Tuesday,
3	November 16, 2010, at Yavapai County Superior Court,
4	Division Pro Tem B, 2840 North Commonwealth Drive,
5	Camp Verde, Arizona, before Mina G. Hunt, Certified
6	Reporter within and for the State of Arizona.
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(The following is a partial transcript
3	discussion on disclosure of expert witness notes.)
4	THE COURT: Okay. I'll address that for each
5	motion.
6	I just want to say I want to be ready to
7	move ahead and decide these things when they com
8	up.
9	The juror questionnaires the other
10	thing I wanted to bring up is the issue that I asked
11	for argument on. The parties had briefed it
12	comprehensively. But I asked for oral argument.
13	That had to do with obtaining notes of interviews
14	with experts. I'm going to phrase it in that
15	fashion.
16	And I had spent some time writing a ruling
17	and tried to reconcile the disclosure rules. And
18	it's difficult. And I said this during the
19	telephonic argument. There really are valid
20	competing interests here.
21	My conclusion is that in dealing with
22	experts and I still choose to write something out
23	on it, and I will do that. But in working with
24	experts I don't think either side wants to be in a

25 situation where in those initial discussions with

1 expert witnesses, it's at a point where what the

- 2 expert is saying constitutes a discoverable
- 3 statement. I just don't think that the disclosure
- 4 rules contemplate that.
- 5 And the issue is really confined. No one
- 6 was suggesting that -- the defense had not suggested
- 7 that this applies to other, if we call them fact
- 8 witnesses or lay witnesses. And I don't know.
- 9 Mr. Li, whoever wants to address that.
- 10 Ms. Do has done that.
- 11 It's really confined just to the expert
- 12 witness at this time, isn't it?
- 13 MS. DO: Yes. And I would argue that it's
- 14 confined to an even more limited issue here. Your
- 15 Honor. It was never the defense position that any
- 16 notes that contained the initial statements during
- 17 consultation with an expert is discoverable.
- 18 I think it's important to remember the
- 19 context in which we received notice that the state
- 20 was going to call this witness, Rick Ross. Rick
- 21 Ross was going to actually testify, I think, within
- 22 17 days.
- 23 THE COURT: Right. But I was writing the
- 24 ruling. I dealt with the fact there appeared to be
- 25 a major change in circumstances from when that first

1 came about and then when we got around to arguing

- 2 it. So I do understand that distinction.
- 3 So right now are you still seeking
- 4 something?
- 5 MS. DO: We are, Your Honor. And what I was
- 6 trying to get at is that it's an even more limited
- 7 issue. We have an expert here for whom we have no
- 8 idea what his testimony or his statement is going to
- 9 be other than a five-word sentence that he's going
- 10 to testify to group behavior.
- 11 And as the Court had just indicated a
- 12 moment ago, it's inherently unfair to allow the
- 13 state -- let me restate that. It's inherently
- 14 unfair to expect the defense to be able to go in and
- 15 conduct a meaningful interview of any witness, and
- 16 in particular an expert witness, without any idea of
- 17 what he has said previously regarding the proper
- 18 testimony. I mean, essentially, the party would be
- 19 stumbling in the dark.
- 20 And that's what we're asking for. The
- 21 state can circumvent this issue by having this
- 22 expert, I think according to standard protocol,
- 23 write a report or provide his notes. And they've
- 24 indicated they don't want that done. So we're
- 25 asking for some discovery so we can conduct a

- 1 meaningful interview.
- 2 THE COURT: I'm glad I brought this up because
- 3 you really answered something I wasn't completely
- 4 clear on before.
- 5 Ms. Polk, you indicated you were concerned
- 6 about chilling of the state's investigation and
- 7 talking to witnesses if you're going to have to turn
- 8 over notes. You mentioned that that was a concern
- 9 of yours.
- 10 And we're only talking about experts. I
- 11 don't think those notes in consultation -- notes
- 12 that are made of consultations have to be turned
- 13 over, I don't think, if that's the case. But as
- 14 Ms. Do points out, we're now within three months of
- 15 trial. And the defense certainly needs to have a
- 16 comprehensive report of what the expert is going to
- 17 say or is anticipated to be his testimony.
- 18 When is that going to happen?
- 19 MS. POLK: Your Honor, the -- couple things.
- 20 First of all, this is the same situation that the
- 21 state is in with respect to the defense expert.
- 22 They noticed this medical examiner from New Mexico.
- 23 I've requested the opportunity to interview him.
- 24 They have told me he's not ready to be interviewed,
- 25 and they haven't produced any report. I don't know

- 1 if they're going to or not.
- With respect to Rick Ross, the decision
- 3 has not been made whether or not Rick Ross will
- 4 provide a report. He -- he's in the process of
- 5 receiving information to review. And then after
- 6 he's reviewed it, whether he produces a report or
- 7 not remains to be seen.
- 8 If he produces a report, obviously the
- 9 defense has that report. If he doesn't produce a
- 10 report, which is not required -- if he doesn't
- 11 produce a report, then I've indicated that the state
- 12 would provide the defense with a notice of the
- 13 issues of the areas that we believe Mr. Ross will
- 14 testify to so that they have something to work from
- 15 when they interview him.
- 16 And I would suggest to the Court that this
- 17 is what happens when you call -- when we call what's
- 18 called a "cold witness" or a "cold expert" to the
- 19 stand. Not every expert is familiar with the facts
- 20 of the case. And cases can proceed with an expert
- 21 who is called simply to offer information that
- 22 assists the jury in making a determination without
- 23 that witness knowing anything about that specific
- 24 case.
- 25 And in those cases that witness doesn't

- 1 produce a report, but that witness is available for
- 2 an interview. So it's not standard, it's not
- 3 required, that the witness have a report.
- 4 With respect to Mr. Ross, I don't know if
- 5 he's going to have a report or not. With respect to
- 6 the defense witness, I'm in the same position. I
- 7 don't know if there is a report or not.
- But there is no requirement that there be
- 9 a report. There is no requirement that says in lieu
- 10 of the report you get the state's notes. The
- 11 state's obligation is to give the defense full and
- 12 fair notice about the area that that expert is going
- 13 to testify about so that they can conduct a
- 14 meaningful interview. And we absolutely will do
- 15 that.
- 16 THE COURT: Ms. Do, there is a difference
- 17 between the disclosure requirements, comparing the
- 18 prosecution and the defense in one respect? The way
- 19 I read the rules, the defense can consult with an
- 20 expert. And if you don't list that expert, then
- 21 that still stays -- you know -- being privileged or
- 22 within work product.
- 23 The rule for the prosecution is written
- 24 much broader. If there is an expert who's looked at
- 25 the case in some fashion and you read 15.1(b)(4),

- 1 and it doesn't fit so closely with the type of
- 2 expert I think he's contemplated here, it seems to
- 3 apply most clearly to testing, comparisons, those
- 4 things. But the language does cover all types of
- 5 experts, I think.
- 6 But the state has a broader obligation.
- 7 If someone has looked at evidence and has an opinion
- 8 and you know it, you have to disclose it whether
- 9 there is a report or not. That's the way I see
- 10 that. The defense doesn't exactly have that
- 11 obligation unless the person is listed as a
- 12 witness. And then I think the obligations are the
- 13 same.
- 14 Ms. Do?
- 15 MS. DO: I absolutely agree with the Court. In
- 16 addition to that, we -- I don't know what
- 17 Ms. Polk -- I did send Ms. Polk a letter a few weeks
- 18 ago indicating to her that our medical examiner was
- 19 finishing up his analysis of this case, is going to
- 20 write a report, is available to the state for an
- 21 interview.
- 22 So we are absolutely in compliance with
- 23 our obligation with respect to trial expert
- 24 witnesses.
- 25 I do agree with the Court's assessment

1 that the burden on the prosecution is different than

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- 2 the burden on the defense. But, again, we're back
- 3 to -- the issue at heart here is the fact that they
- 4 have a witness that they're going to call for trial.
- 5 And I know that in the notice given to the
- 6 defense, the state indicated he was going to testify
- 7 to group behavior. In the motion for protective
- 8 order, they added additional facts regarding the
- 9 proper opinions of this experts.
- 10 So we have not gotten full and fair notice
- 11 of what this expert is going to testify to. So if
- 12 Ms. Polk doesn't want to disclose her notes -- we're
- 13 not requiring it to be given to us in that form.
- 14 We're asking for disclosure of what his opinion,
- 15 analysis and conclusion are with respect to the
- 16 evidence he's reviewed in this case.
- 17 THE COURT: I think the discussion here has
- 18 removed some bit of confusion that arises with what
- 19 15.1(b)(1) encompasses with regard to statements.
- 20 And I think that's where the confusion comes in
- 21 about what is an expert statement. I really think
- 22 (b)(4) predominates.
- 23 And, Ms. Polk, that's the obligation. And
- 24 regardless of whether the expert has written up
- 25 something you would call a report, if the expert at

- 1 this point has looked at in this case statements,
- 2 that would be the evidence of the case. Statements,

- 3 predominantly. I would think there might be other
- 4 kinds of information, I suppose, certain documents
- 5 as well.
- 6 But if he's seen those and has some kind
- 7 of an opinion, what you would call a result, then
- 8 that has to be disclosed.
- 9 And I think the defense is saying they
- 10 would rather have that in a report form or have it
- 11 in that fashion. But I think the state's obligation
- 12 is to provide that information.
- 13 It isn't through your notes. You don't
- 14 have to provide it by divulging notes that are full
- 15 of work product. And I agree with the state. I
- 16 think the defense agrees too. Separating out work
- 17 product from notes of an interview, whether it's an
- 18 expert or another type of witness, is extremely
- 19 difficult. Just the fact of taking notes reflects
- 20 mental impressions just by what's being emphasized
- 21 or whatever.
- But that is the way I read 15.1(4)4. And
- 23 I think that information should be turned over.
- 24 MS. POLK: Your Honor, I agree with that. And
- 25 we're not even there yet. The defense was demanding

1 the notes from conversations that we had in

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- 2 retaining this expert. And that's all that's
- 3 happened at this point.
- 4 We've retained Mr. Ross. I'll have to
- 5 check with my staff to see if he's been provided any
- 6 information off the case yet. I don't know the
- 7 status. So we have not had an interview with
- 8 Mr. Ross where he tells us his impressions about the
- 9 case. That's out there. That hasn't even happened
- 10 yet.
- 11 But in the early stages of having
- 12 disclosed Mr. Ross, suddenly what the state was
- 13 getting was a demand from the defense that they get
- 14 our attorneys' notes from the conversations we had
- 15 in just trying to identify and retain Mr. Ross.
- 16 In fairness to the defense, we did notice
- 17 Mr. Ross as a witness for this hearing. And I
- 18 believe that's why they felt it so necessary to get
- 19 that information. But we withdrew that, the use of
- 20 Mr. Ross at this hearing.
- 21 And I suggest at this point now we need to
- 22 wait and follow the process, follow the rules. When
- 23 we have statements from Mr. Ross, we will certainly
- 24 disclose them. But Mr. Ross -- I'm not even sure
- 25 he's seen any information about the case yet. I

- 1 just don't know what stage we're at.
- 2 Suddenly the state was put in a posture
- 3 where we're trying to defend notes taken by
- 4 attorneys in having that initial conversation about
- 5 whether or not to retain him. That's what our
- 6 motion for protective order was about.
- 7 And at that time I understood the defense
- 8 to -- their possession was that they thought they
- 9 were entitled to all those notes from contact with
- 10 anybody. They've since much -- they've narrowed
- 11 it.
- 12 I think we're all in agreement. They do
- 13 get statements made by this expert. I don't believe
- 14 the state has any at this point. But if and when we
- 15 get them, we will certainly disclose them.
- 16 THE COURT: I think Ms. Do has made very clear
- 17 that the defense just felt that in light of the very
- 18 short time before the hearing, they needed to get
- 19 the information in whatever form it was available.
- 20 That's not the situation now.
- 21 But it's not far off, because really, with
- 22 the trial set in February, there is a lot of work to
- 23 be done.
- 24 MS. DO: Your Honor?
- 25 THE COURT: Yes.

1 MS. DO: We've been focusing this discussion on

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- 2 the state's notes. And we did also make a request
- 3 the state to have Mr. Ross provide his notes, if
- 4 any. And that has not been responded to. And I
- 5 know that the Court did not take that up at the
- 6 early argument.
- 7 But we would renew that request again. We
- 8 have not yet received a response from the state.
- 9 THE COURT: And as a listed witness, I think
- 10 that's appropriate. If he was not listed, you look
- 11 carefully at 15.1(b)(4), it hasn't gotten to the
- 12 point of actually constituting a result or opinion,
- 13 comparison. Perhaps not.
- 14 But I think once somebody is listed, then
- 15 either side --
- 16 It applies to both sides, Ms. Polk.
- 17 I agree you're going to get to look at the
- 18 notes that go into that person's work on the case
- 19 once that person is listed as a witness, an expert
- 20 witness.
- 21 So I didn't mean to not address that. I
- 22 just thought the harder issue was the question of
- 23 attorney notes. And I'm just assuming that before
- 24 interviews of the experts occur, the other side is
- 25 going to have notes, going to have notes.

1 I'll still the ruling will be much more
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- 2 concise than it was shaping up before. But I think
- 3 I made clear what I believe the interpretation is.
- The only thing, Ms. Polk and Ms. Do, is
- 5 the experts have to do their work and information
- 6 has to be exchanged. We just cannot get right up to
- 7 the end and then find out that there really was
- 8 information disclosed that hadn't been.
- 9 And these aren't the type of experts,
- 10 Ms. Polk, that I think people are contemplating to
- 11 be how you phrased it, cold expert, or where you
- 12 just have somebody testify without a report and get
- 13 information and answer hypotheticals or something.
- 14 What were you saying?
- 15 MS. POLK: Well, they might be, Judge. Where
- 16 you call a witness who has an area of expertise or
- 17 experience that can assist the jury in understanding
- 18 a fact in the case.
- 19 THE COURT: Well, these experts have been
- 20 listed and the information needs to be provided.
- 21 Anything else?
- 22 MS. POLK: No, Your Honor.
- 23 MR. LI: No, Your Honor.
- 24 MS. DO: No, Your Honor.
- 25 THE COURT: Thank you. Diane will be

1	contacting you. I'm going to have to look at some
2	scheduling and see what I think needs to be done.
3	But the question of getting the sweat lodge
4	records that's something that's come up. I
5	expect to see something on that quickly.
6	Thank you.
7	(End of partial transcript. Also end of court
8	session this day.)
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1	STATE OF ARIZONA )
2	) ss: REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE COUNTY OF YAVAPAI )
3	I, Mina G. Hunt, do hereby certify that I
4	am a Certified Reporter within the State of Arizona
5	and Certified Shorthand Reporter in California.
6	I further certify that these proceedings
7	were taken in shorthand by me at the time and place
8	herein set forth, and were thereafter reduced to
9	typewritten form, and that the foregoing constitutes
10	a true and correct transcript.
11	I further certify that I am not related
12	to, employed by, nor of counsel for any of the
13	parties or attorneys herein, nor otherwise
14	interested in the result of the within action.
15	In witness whereof, I have affixed my
16	signature this 8th day of December, 2010.
17	
18	ANNA C. MINT AZ CO M. FOCA
19	MINA G. HUNT, AZ CR No. 50619 CA CSR No. 8335
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